Universal No-Tape 303-12T

Safety Data Sheet

according to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)

Issue date: 3/4/2024 Revision date: 3/19/2025 Supersedes: 3/19/2024 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Universal No-Tape 303-12T

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Thermal barrier polymer

Restrictions on use : All other uses not recommended above

1.4. Supplier's details

Azon USA Inc.
2204 Ravine Rd
Kalamazoo, Michigan 49004
USA
T 269-385-5942

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : For Hazardous Materials or Dangerous Goods Incident Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 (Toll Free, USA) / 703-527-3887 (Virginia, USA) CCN 2189

SECTION 2 Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Harmful if swallowed
Causes serious eye irritation
Suspected of causing cancer.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Do not breathe vapors.
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Avoid release to the environment.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, and hearing protection.
If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
Rinse mouth.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.
Collect spillage.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

74.30% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
94.5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Dietheylene Glycol-phthalic Anhydride Polymer	CAS-No.: 32472-85-8	8 – 18	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Diethylene glycol	CAS-No.: 111-46-6	10-15	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320
Diethyl toluene diamine	CAS-No.: 68479-98-1	3 – 8	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Ethylene glycol	CAS-No.: 107-21-1	2 – 5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 STOT RE 2, H373
Carbon black	CAS-No.: 1333-86-4	<1	Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 1, H372

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. First aider: Pay attention to self-protection. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Induce artificial respiration with mask fitted with one-way valve or other suitable device but not mouth-to-mouth.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin areas with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Not expected to present a significant skin hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Stinging, redness, itching, tears, blurred vision, swelling.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects : Suspected of causing cancer.

Chronic symptoms : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : No fire hazard.

Explosion hazard : No direct explosion hazard.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Nitrogen oxides.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing. Full face piece respirator.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Avoid all personal contact including breathing in the vapors, spray, mist, gas. Do not take actions involving personal risks. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage. Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate the danger area. If outdoors, move to an area upwind of the danger area. If possible without taking personal risks, ventilate area, remove ignition sources. Do not breathe vapors, spray, mist, gas. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Prevent other non-emergency personnel from entering the danger area.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate spillage area.

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment. Do not let the product reach soil, drains, sewers, or surface and ground water. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop leak, if possible without risk. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Contain with non-combustible inert absorbent. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up in non-combustible inert absorbent and place into container for disposal. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Decontaminate surfaces and equipment with water and detergent. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection",For further information refer to section 13

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray, gas.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Technical measures : Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place away from heat.

Storage conditions : Protect from sunlight. Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Store locked up. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

Incompatible materials : Metals. Strong oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethylene glycol
ACGIH OEL TWA	25 ppm (V - Vapor fraction)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (I - Inhalable particulate matter, H - Aerosol only)
	50 ppm (V - Vapor fraction)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024

Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Carbon black
ACGIH OEL TWA	3 mg/m³ (I - Inhalable particulate matter)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Bronchitis. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Carbon black
OSHA PEL TWA	3.5 mg/m³
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use general ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure to keep the airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Take measures to reduce or limit air emissions and releases to soil and the aquatic environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to national standards and in discussion with the supplier of the protective equipment. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Hand protection:
Chemically impervious gloves as described by OSHA’s hand protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.138

Eye protection:
Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing. Body protection should be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure

Respiratory protection:
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Clear liquid.
Color	:	Clear purple to black.
Odor	:	Slight
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	Not applicable
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	> 93.33 °C / 200 °F
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	1.072 – 1.084
Solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	No data available

Dietheylene Glycol-phthalic Anhydride Polymer	
Particle characteristics	No data available

Diethylene glycol	
Particle characteristics	No data available

Ethylene glycol	
Particle characteristics	No data available

Diethyl toluene diamine	
Particle characteristics	No data available

Carbon black	
Particle characteristics	No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Metals. Oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition generates: Nitrogen oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Universal No-Tape 303-12T	
ATE US (oral)	595.617 mg/kg body weight
Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)	74.30% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal) 94.5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))
Dietheylene Glycol-phthalic Anhydride Polymer	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Diethylene glycol	
LD50 oral rat	12000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	11890 mg/kg
Ethylene glycol	
LD50 oral rat	4700 mg/kg body weight
LD50 dermal rat	9530 mg/kg body weight
Diethyl toluene diamine	
LD50 oral rat	472 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 2.45 mg/l

Carbon black	
LD50 oral rat	> 8000 mg/kg body weight
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Ethylene glycol	
Skin corrosion/irritation, rabbit	Not irritating to skin

Carbon black	
Skin corrosion/irritation, rabbit	Not irritating

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Diethylene glycol	
Serious eye damage/irritation, rabbit	Slightly irritating

Ethylene glycol	
Serious eye damage/irritation, rabbit	<40% Irritating to eyes (Fully reversible effects within 7 days of observation)

Carbon black	
Serious eye damage/irritation, rabbit	Not irritating

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Ethylene glycol	
Guinea pig maximization test	Not sensitive
Skin sensitization, human	Not sensitive

Carbon black	
Local Lymph Node Assay	Not sensitive

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Ethylene glycol	
Germ cell mutagenicityDominant lethal test, rat	Negative

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Diethylene glycol	
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/male,2 years)	1210 mg/kg body weight
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/female,2 years)	1160 mg/kg body weight

Carbon black	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : Not classified

STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Diethylene glycol	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	40000 mg/kg body weight

Ethylene glycol	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Diethyl toluene diamine	
LOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	≥ 10 mg/kg body weight
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,28 days)	100 mg/kg bw/day
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	21 mg/kg bw/day
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carbon black	
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	0.0071 mg/l air
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	> 1000 mg/kg body weight
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	0.0011 mg/l air
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Universal No-Tape 303-12T	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Dietheylene Glycol-phthalic Anhydride Polymer	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Diethylene glycol	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Ethylene glycol	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Diethyl toluene diamine	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Carbon black	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Not expected to present a significant skin hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Stinging, redness, itching, tears, blurred vision, swelling.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects : Suspected of causing cancer.

Chronic symptoms : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Universal No-Tape 303-12T	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	18.46 mg/l

Dietheylene Glycol-phthalic Anhydride Polymer	
LC50 - Fish [1]	≥ 100 mg/l
ErC50 algae	157.4 mg/l

Diethylene glycol	
LC50 - Fish [1]	75200 mg/l
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	6500 – 13000 mg/l
EC50 96h - Algae [2]	9362 mg/l
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 1000 mg/l

Ethylene glycol	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 72860 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 1000 mg/l
NOEC chronic fish	32000 mg/l (7 days)
NOEC chronic crustacea	24000 ml/l (48h)

Diethyl toluene diamine	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 106 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	5.8 mg/l
ErC50 algae	104 mg/l

Carbon black	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 10000 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	> 10000 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Universal No-Tape 303-12T	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Diethyl toluene diamine	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Universal No-Tape 303-12T	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Dietheylene Glycol-phthalic Anhydride Polymer	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.9 – 1.9
Diethylene glycol	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.47
Ethylene glycol	
Bioaccumulative potential	Does not bioaccumulate.
Diethyl toluene diamine	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.38

12.4. Mobility in soil

Diethyl toluene diamine	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.12

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified
Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Refer to all applicable national, international and local regulations or provisions.
Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers.
Ecological waste information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number			
UN3082	UN3082	3082	3082
14.2. Proper Shipping Name			
Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Diethyl toluene diamine)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Diethyl toluene diamine)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Diethyl toluene diamine)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Diethyl toluene diamine)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
9	9	9	9
14.4. Packing group			
III	III	III	III

DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
14.5. Environmental hazards			
		Marine pollutant: Yes	
No supplementary information available			

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No. (DOT)	:	UN3082
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	155
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	241
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	No Limit
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	No Limit
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	A - The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

TDG

UN-No. (TDG)	:	UN3082
TDG Special Provisions	:	16 - (1) The technical name of at least one of the most dangerous substances that predominantly contributes to the danger or dangers posed by the dangerous goods must be shown, in parentheses, on the shipping document following the shipping name in accordance with clause 3.5(1)(c)(ii)(A). The technical name must also be shown, in parentheses, on a small means of containment or on a tag following the shipping name in accordance with subsections 4.11(2) and (3). (2) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a shipping document or on a small means of containment when Canadian law for domestic transport or an international convention for international transport prohibits the disclosure of the technical name: (a) UN1544, ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S; (b) UN1851, MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S; (c) UN3140, ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S; (d) UN3248, MEDICINE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S; or (e) UN3249, MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (3) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a small means of containment: (a) UN2814, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS; or (b) UN2900, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING ANIMALS,99 - (1) Mixtures of solids that are not dangerous goods and liquids or solids that are UN3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S, or UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S, may be offered for transport, handled or transported as UN3077 if there is no visible liquid when the dangerous goods are loaded into a means of containment and during transport. (2) These Regulations, except for Parts 1 and 2, do not apply to the offering for transport, handling or transport of less than 450 kg of UN3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S, or less than 450 L of UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S, on a road vehicle or a railway vehicle. The dangerous goods must be contained in one or more small means of containment designed, constructed, filled, closed, secured and maintained so that under normal conditions of transport, including handling, there will be no release of the dangerous goods that could endanger public safety.

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	:	5 L
Excepted quantities (TDG)	:	E1
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	171

IMDG

Special provision (IMDG)	:	274, 335, 969
Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	5 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	:	E1
Packing instructions (IMDG)	:	LP01, P001
Packing provisions (IMDG)	:	PP1
IBC packing instructions (IMDG)	:	IBC03
Tank instructions (IMDG)	:	T4
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	:	TP1, TP29
EmS-No. (Fire)	:	F-A - FIRE SCHEDULE Alfa - GENERAL FIRE SCHEDULE
EmS-No. (Spillage)	:	S-F - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Foxtrot - WATER-SOLUBLE MARINE POLLUTANTS
Stowage category (IMDG)	:	A

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	:	E1
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	:	Y964
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	:	30kgG
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	:	964
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	:	450L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	:	964
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	:	450L
ERG code (IATA)	:	9L

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Ethylene Glycol	CAS-No. 107-21-1	2 – 5%

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Diethylene Glycol-phthalic Anhydride Polymer (32472-85-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Diethyl toluene diamine (68479-98-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Diethyl toluene diamine (68479-98-1)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. State regulations

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon black (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Ethylene glycol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16 Other information

according to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)

Revision date : 3/19/2025

Issue date : 3/4/2024

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

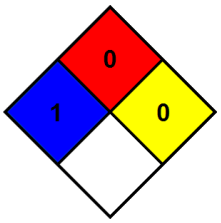
Abbreviations and acronyms	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
EN	European Standard
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)

Abbreviations and acronyms	
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ED	Endocrine disruptor

NFPA health hazard : 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.